

CSP

Guarded Commands

- Monitor: begin executing every call as soon as possible, waiting if the object is not in a proper state and signaling when the state is proper
- CSP: the called object establishes conditions under which the call is accepted; calls not satisfying these conditions are held pending (no need for programmed wait/signal operations).

Rendezvous

- Monitor: the monitor is passive (has no independent task/thread/activity)
- CSP: synchronization between peer, autonomous activities.

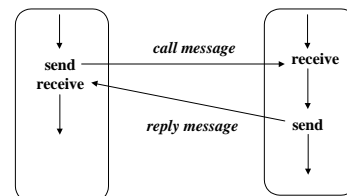
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1

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Distribution:

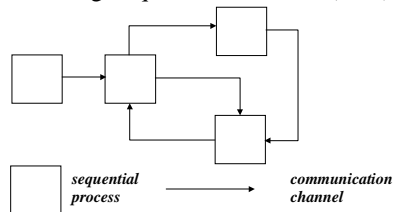
- Monitor: inherently nondistributed in outlook and implementation
- CSP: possibility for distributed programming using synchronous message passing



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2

Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

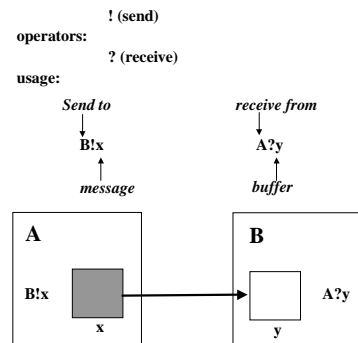


- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| • single thread of control | • synchronous |
| • autonomous | • reliable |
| • encapsulated | • unidirectional |
| • named | • point-to-point |
| • static | • fixed topology |

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3

Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

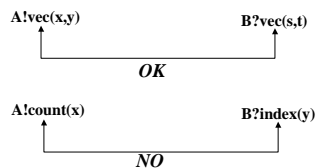


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4

Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

- rendezvous semantics: senders (receivers) remain blocked at send (receive) operation until a matching receive (send) operation is made.
- typed messages: the type of the message sent by the sender and the type of the message expected by the receiver must match (otherwise abort).



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5

Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

Guarded Commands

<guard> \Rightarrow <command list>

boolean expression

only one ?, must be at end of guard, considered true iff message pending

Examples

$n < 10 \Rightarrow A!\text{index}(n); n := n + 1;$
 $n < 10; A?\text{index}(n) \Rightarrow \text{next} = \text{MyArray}(n);$

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6

Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

Alternative Command

$[G1 \triangleright S1 \square G2 \triangleright S2 \square \dots \square Gn \triangleright Sn]$

1. evaluate all guards
2. if more than one guard is true, nondeterministically select one.
3. if no guard is true, terminate.

Note: if all true guards end with an input command for which there is no pending message, then delay the evaluation until a message arrives. If all senders have terminated, then the alternative command terminates.

Repetitive Command

$*[G1 \triangleright S1 \square G2 \triangleright S2 \square \dots \square Gn \triangleright Sn]$

repeatedly execute the alternative command until it terminates

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7

Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

Examples:

```
[x >= y --> m := x [] y >= x --> m := y ]
i := 0; * [ i < size; content(i) != n --> i := i + 1 ]
* [ c: character; west?c --> east!c ]
* [ n: integer; X?insert(n) --> INSERT
  []
  n: integer; X?has(n) --> SEARCH; X!(i < size) ]
```

BoundedBuffer::

```
buffer: (0..9) portion;
in, out: integer; in := 0; out := 0;
* [ in < out + 10; producer?buffer(in mod 10)
  --> in := in + 1;
  []
  out < in; consumer?more()
  --> consumer!buffer(out mod 10);
  out := out + 1;
]
```

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8

ADA Example

```
task bounded-buffer is
  entry store(x: buffer);
  entry remove(y: buffer);
end;
task body bounded-buffer is
  ..declarations...
begin
  loop
    select
      when head < tail + 10 =>
        accept store(x: buffer) ... end store;
      or
        when tail < head =>
          accept remove(y: buffer) ... end remove;
    end select;
  end loop
end
```

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9